

NORTH DAKOTA

STATE CAPITOL 600 EAST BOULEVARD AVENUE

Employment Laws

Summary

BISMARCK, ND 58505-0340

Department of Labor and Human Rights Minimum Wage & Work Conditions

Hours: M-F - 8:00a.m.-5:00p.m. (701)328-2660 1-800-582-8032 Fax - (701)328-2031 TTY - 1-800-366-6888

e-mail - labor@nd.gov web site - www.nd.gov/labor

MINIMUM WAGE RATE:

North Dakota does not have a **Training Wage.**

OVERTIME N.D. Admin. Code § 46-02-07-02(4)

per hour on 7/24/09 A mechanic paid on a commission basis off a flat rate

Overtime pay must be paid at one and one-half times the

- employee's regular rate of pay for hours worked over forty in any work week. A work week is a seven consecutive-day period defined by
- the employer. Overtime is computed on a weekly basis, regardless of the
- length of the pay period.
- Overtime is based only on hours worked. Paid holidays, paid time off, or sick leave need not be counted in computing overtime hours.
- Compensatory time is not legal in private employment for non-exempt employees — overtime hours may not be "banked" and used for time off in another work week.
- Employees working more than one job under the control of the same employer must have all hours worked counted toward overtime. Exemptions from overtime are listed. Formulas for calculating
- overtime are available in N.D. Admin. Code Section 46-03-01. MEAL PERIODS N.D. Admin. Code § 46-02-07-

02(5) A minimum 30-minute meal period must be provided in

shifts exceeding five hours when there are two or more employees on duty. Employees may waive their right to a meal period upon

- agreement with the employer. Employees do not have to be paid for meal periods if they are completely relieved of their duties and the meal
- period is at least thirty minutes in length. Employees are not completely relieved if they are required to perform
- any duties during the meal period. Other breaks (such as 15 minute "coffee" breaks) are not required by law, but must be paid breaks if they are offered by the employer. PAID TIME OFF N.D. Admin. Code § 46-02-07-
- 02(12) Applies unless a limitation below is met Paid time off includes annual leave, earned time, personal

vacation. If sick leave is combined with such time into one balance, all of the hours are defined as paid time off. Sick leave is not defined as paid time off if it is kept in a

days, or other provisions providing compensation for

- separate balance. Once paid time off is made available for an employee's use, any unused portion of such time is considered wages upon separation from employment and must be paid at the regular rate of pay earned by the employee prior to
- No employment contract or policy may provide for forfeiture of earned paid time off upon separation. An employment contract or policy may require an employee to take vacation by a certain date or lose the vacation ("use it or lose it"), provided that the employee is given a reasonable opportunity to take the vacation.
- The employer must demonstrate that the employee had notice of such contract or policy provision.
- LIMITATIONS ON PAID TIME OFF N.D.C.C. § 34-14-09.2 1. If an employee separates from employment voluntarily, a private employer may withhold payment for accrued paid time off if the following three conditions are all met: At the time of hiring, the employer provided the

payment of accrued paid time off; The employee has been employed by the employer b.

for less than one year; and

employer may withhold payment for paid time off if:

employee written notice of the limitation on

The employee gave the employer less than five days' c. written or verbal notice. 2. If an employee separates from employment, a private

not yet earned by the employee; and Before awarding the paid time off, the employer provided the employee written notice of the

The paid time off was awarded by the employer but

- limitation on payment of awarded paid time off. PAYDAYS & RECORD KEEPING N.D.C.C. § § 34-14-
- Employees must be paid at least once each calendar month on the regular payday(s) designated in advance by the employer. Every employer must furnish to an employee each pay

period a check stub or voucher indicating hours worked,

rate of pay, required state and federal deductions, and any

02, 03 and N.D. Admin Code § 46-02-07-02

authorized deductions. When an employee is terminated from employment, separates from employment voluntarily, or is suspended

wages or compensation become due and payable at the regular payday(s) established in advance by the employer for the period(s) worked by the employee.

from work as the result of an industrial dispute, unpaid

When an employer terminates an employee, the employer

shall pay those wages to the employee by certified mail at

an address designated by the employee or as otherwise

agreed upon by both parties. **DEDUCTIONS FROM PAY** N.D.C.C. § 34-14-04.1 Except for those amounts that are required under state or federal law to be withheld from employee compensation or where a court has ordered the employer to withhold compensation, an employer only may withhold from the

Advances paid to employees, other than undocumented

A nonrecurring deduction authorized in writing, when the

compensation due employees:

2.

organization.

offices, and local schools.

school day.

Code § 46-02-07-02(4)

therein; and

Labor Day).

Restricted hours for youth age 14 & 15:

A nonrecurring deduction for damage, breakage, shortage, or negligence must be authorized by the employee at the time of the deduction.

EMPLOYMENT AT WILL N.D.C.C. § 34-03-01

A recurring deduction authorized in writing.

source of the deduction is cited specifically.

a two-week notice) is required. Contracts specifying a term of employment can pre-empt the at-will provision. **RIGHT TO WORK** N.D.C.C. § 34-01-14

An individual's right to work may not be denied or abridged due

membership or nonmembership in any labor union or laboi

Maximum hours per day: 3 per school day, 8 per non-

Employment relationships without a specific term exist at the

will of both parties and can be terminated by either party upon

notice to the other. No minimum length of notice (for example,

YOUTH EMPLOYMENT N.D.C.C. ch. 34-07 Employment & Age Certificates (work permits) are required for workers ages 14 & 15 and are available from the Department of Labor, Job Service offices, County School Superintendents'

Maximum hours per week: 18 per school week (any week in which school attendance is required any part of 4 or more days), 40 per non-school week.

Hazardous job duties for youth age 14 & 15: Workers ages 14 & 15 are prohibited from performing certain job duties defined as hazardous in labor law. **EXEMPTIONS FROM OVERTIME N.D. Admin.**

May work only between 7a.m.-7p.m. (until 9p.m. from June 1st -

Executive — an employee whose primary duties consists of: The management of the enterprise or recognized department or subdivision thereof; Directing the work of two or more other employees

The authority to hire or fire other employees or

whose suggestions will be given particular weight.

Who customarily and regularly exercises discretion

intellectual instruction and study as distinguished

Work requiring the consistent exercise of discretion

Work that is predominately intellectual and varied

in character as opposed to routine mental, manual,

from a general academic education and from

An employee employed in a bona fide executive,

administrative, or professional capacity.

Office or non-manual work directly related to management policies or general business operations; and

and independent judgment.

Administrative — an employee whose primary duties consists of:

Work requiring knowledge of an advanced type in a field of science or learning customarily acquired by a prolonged course of specialized

Professional — an employee whose primary duties consists of:

an apprenticeship, and from training in the performance of routine mental, manual, or physical

and judgment in its performance; and

- mechanical, or physical work. An employee engaged in an agricultural occupation – growing, raising, preparing, or delivering agricultural commodities for market. An employee spending at least 51% of the employee's
- A straight commission salesperson in retail automobile,
- for more than forty hours per week. A computer professional exercising discretion and independent judgment when designing, developing, creating, analyzing, testing, or modifying computer

programs or who is paid hourly at a rate of at least \$27.63. An employee who is customarily and regularly engaged away from the employer's premises for the purpose of making sales or taking orders. Work unrelated to outside sales may not exceed 20% of the hours worked in the

work-time providing direct care to clients of a shelter, foster care, or other such related establishment. An employee employed in domestic service who resides in the household in which employed. trailer, boat, aircraft, truck, or farm implement dealerships unless that salesperson is required to be on the premises

TIPS

schedule.

- An employee of a retail establishment if the employee's regular rate of pay exceeds 1.5 times the minimum hourly rate applicable if more than half of the employee's
- compensation for a period of not less than one month is derived from commission on goods or services sold. An employee employed as an announcer, news editor, or chief engineer by a radio or television station.
- An employee in an artistic profession that is original and creative in nature or where the work is dependent upon
- Motor carrier as applied to covered employees of motor common, contract, and private carriers specified by the
- A highly compensated employee: an employee who is
- hundred fifty-five dollars per week paid on a salary or fee basis. The employee's primary duty includes performing office or nonmanual work. An employee providing companionship services (fellowship, care, or protection) to aged or disabled
- preparation). N.D.C.C. § 34-06-03.1 TAXI DRIVER AND HEALTHCARE OVERTIME **PROVISIONS** N.D. Admin. Code § 46-02-07-02(4) Taxicab drivers must be paid overtime for all hours worked in excess of fifty hours in any work week.

Hospitals and residential care establishments may adopt, by agreement with their employees, a fourteen-day

in a day or eighty in a fourteen-day work period.

N.D. Admin. Code § 46-02-07-03

- overtime period, if the employees are paid at least time and one-half their regular rate for hours worked over eight
- Gratuities offered to an employee by a customer belong to the employee and may not be retained by the employer. Employers may utilize a tip credit of 33% of the minimum wage for tipped employees. With the tip credit applied, the minimum direct wage payable to a tipped employee is \$4.86 per hour effective July 24, 2009. The employer must

maintain written records verifying that tipped employees

receive at least the full minimum wage for all hours

A tipped employee is any service employee in an occupation in which he or she receives more than thirty

dollars per month in tips.

worked when the direct wage and tips are combined.

shows appreciation for that service by tipping that employee for the direct service. The employee must regularly and customarily provide personal face-to-face

A service employee is any employee who is providing

direct service to the customer and to whom that customer

service to individual customers, which the customer would recognize as being performed for his or her benefit. Services such as cooking and dishwashing are not An employer who elects to use the tip credit must inform the employee in advance. Tip pooling is allowed only among the tipped employees. A vote of tipped employees to allow tip pooling must be taken, and fifty percent plus one of all tipped employees

must approve it. The employer must maintain a written record of each vote on tip pooling, including names of

- employees voting and the vote totals. A vote on whether to pool tips is required if requested by fifty-one percent or more of the tipped employees. The tipped employees
- shall provide documentation verifying the request. Time spent in meetings called by the employees exclusively for tip issues is not work time. Gaming sites, which regularly have four or fewer tipped employees on duty, can require tip pooling among all tipped employees at the site. Pit bosses or supervisors at gaming sites are not tipped employees and cannot be part of the tip pool when performing functions of those positions other than dealing blackjack (twenty-one). MEETINGS AND TRAINING TIME N.D. Admin. Code § 46-02-07-02(6) Attendance at lectures, meetings, training programs and similar activities need not be counted as working time if all the following criteria are met: Attendance is outside of the employee's regular

to the employee's job. The employee does not perform any productive work during such attendance.

Training or education mandated by the state, federal

government, or any political subdivision for a specific

The course, lecture, or meeting is not directly related

Attendance is in fact voluntary.

working hours.

b.

c.

occupation need not be counted as work-time. **TRAVEL TIME** N.D. Admin. Code § 46-02-07-02(7)

- work time for which an employee must be compensated: 1) Ordinary travel from home to work, 2) Time spent as a passenger on an airplane, train, bus, or automobile
- merely incidental use of an employer-provided vehicle for commuting home to work. The following types of travel time are considered work

those typically worked by an employee on work days),

3) Travel time from job site to job site or from office

When employees are required to remain on-call on the employer's premises or so close thereto that they cannot use the time effectively for their own purposes, they are considered to be working and must be compensated. When employees are on-call and are not required to remain on the employer's premises but are required to respond to a beeper or leave word at home or the employer's business where they may be reached, they

a contract or an agreement between the parties. A commission is a fee or percentage given for compensation to an individual for completion of a

§ 46-02-07-02(15)

employment relationship will be used to determine if the commission is earned and compensable. **ROOM AND BOARD** N.D. Admin. Code § 46-02-07-02(13) The reasonable value, not exceeding the employer's actual cost,

of board, lodging, and other facilities customarily furnished

part of the wages, up to a maximum of eighteen dollars per

by the employer for the employee's benefit may be treated as

day, if agreed to in writing and if the employee's acceptance of

sale, service, or transaction. Upon separation from

employment, the past practices, policies, and entire

facilities is in fact voluntary. UNIFORMS N.D. Admin. Code § 46-02-07-02(11) An employer may require an employee to purchase uniforms if the cost of such uniforms does not bring that employee's wage below the hourly minimum wage for all hours worked during

respect to marriage or public assistance, participation in lawful activity off the employer's premises during non-working hours

applicants on the basis of: race, color, religion, sex, pregnancy,

national origin, age, mental or physical disability, status with

An employer may not discharge, discipline, threaten, discriminate, or penalize an employee regarding the employment because: The employee, or person acting on behalf of an employee, in good faith, reports a violation of federal, state, or local law, ordinance, regulation, or rule to an employer, a

governmental body, or law enforcement official.

action that the employee believes violates local, state, or federal law, ordinance, rule, or regulation. The employee must have an objective basis in fact for that belief and

The employee is requested by a public body or official to

The employee refuses an employer's order to perform an

participate in an investigation, a hearing, or an inquiry.

area in which employees work. This poster summarizes provisions contained in the ND

Minimum Wage & Work Conditions Order North Dakota Administrative Code (N.D. Admin. Code) Chapter 46-02-07, as well as selected provisions of North Dakota Century Code (N.D.C.C.) Title 34 and N.D.C.C. Chapter 14-02.4.

The following types of travel time are not considered

- outside of regular working hours, 3) Activities that are time for which an employee must be compensated: 1) Travel during regular work hours, 2) Travel on non-work days during regular work hours (regular work hours are
- to job site, 4) The driver of a vehicle is working at any time when required to travel by the employer, 5) Oneday assignments performed at the employer's request (regardless of driver or passenger status). ON-CALL N.D. Admin. Code § 46-02-07-02(8)
- are not considered to be working and need not be compensated.

BONUSES AND COMMISSIONS N.D. Admin. Code

An earned bonus is an amount paid in addition to a salary,

when an employee performs the requirements set forth in

wage, or commission. An earned bonus is compensable

any pay period. EMPLOYMENT DISCRIMINATION N.D.C.C. ch. 14-02.4

Employers may not discriminate against employees or

shall inform the employer that the order is being refused for that reason. Public employees should also see N.D.C.C. ch. 34-11.1 Public Employees Relations Act for further information.

- the invention, imagination, or talent of the employee.
- Motor Carriers Act [49 U.S.C. 31502].

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